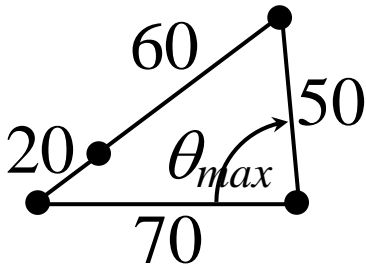
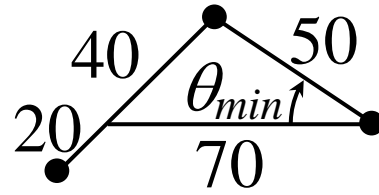


1.

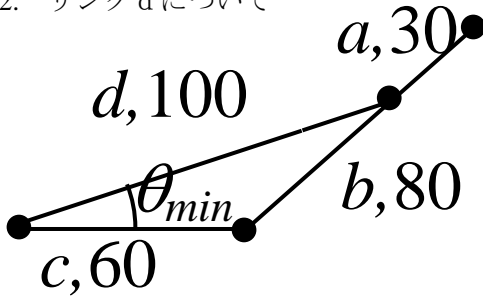


$$\theta_{max} = \cos^{-1} \frac{50^2 + 70^2 - 80^2}{2 \cdot 50 \cdot 70}$$

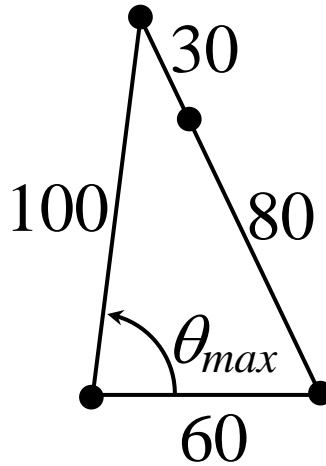


$$\theta_{min} = \cos^{-1} \frac{50^2 + 70^2 - 40^2}{2 \cdot 50 \cdot 70}$$

2. リンク d について



$$\theta_{min} = \cos^{-1} \frac{130^2 + 60^2 - 50^2}{2 \cdot 130 \cdot 60}$$



$$\theta_{max} = \cos^{-1} \frac{100^2 + 60^2 - 110^2}{2 \cdot 100 \cdot 60}$$

3.  $\lambda = \frac{a}{b} = \frac{60}{250} = 0.24,$   $\omega = \frac{2\pi \cdot 400}{60} = \frac{40\pi}{3}$  rad/s

右向きを正とすると,

$$s = (a \cos \theta + \sqrt{b^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \theta}) - d$$

$$= (a \cos \omega t + \sqrt{b^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t}) - d \quad (\because \theta = \omega t)$$

$$\frac{ds}{dt} = -a\omega \sin \omega t + \frac{-2a^2 \omega \sin \omega t \cos \omega t}{2\sqrt{b^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t}}$$

$$= -a\omega \sin \omega t - \frac{a^2 \omega \sin 2\omega t}{2\sqrt{b^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t}}$$

$$= -a\omega \left( \sin \omega t + \frac{a \sin 2\omega t}{2\sqrt{b^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t}} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2s}{dt^2} = -a\omega \left\{ \omega \cos \omega t + \frac{a}{2} \frac{(2\omega \cos 2\omega t)\sqrt{b^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t} + \sin 2\omega t \frac{a^2 \omega \sin 2\omega t}{2\sqrt{b^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t}}}{(b^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t)} \right\}$$

$$= -a\omega \left\{ \omega \cos \omega t + a \left( \frac{2\omega \cos 2\omega t}{\sqrt{b^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t}} + \frac{a^2 \sin^2 2\omega t}{4(b^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t)^{1.5}} \right) \right\}$$

$$= -a\omega^2 \left\{ \cos \omega t + \frac{a}{4} \frac{(4 \cos 2\omega t)(b^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t) + a^2 \sin^2 2\omega t}{(b^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t)^{1.5}} \right\}$$

この関係式は、 $\lambda = \frac{b}{a}$  なる変数  $\lambda$  を用いると、以下のように簡潔に式を変形することができる。

原点を右端に、右向きを正にとると、

$$s = a(\cos \theta + \sqrt{\lambda^2 - \sin^2 \theta}) - d = a(\cos \theta + \sqrt{\lambda^2 - \sin^2 \theta}) - (a + b)$$

$$= a\left\{\cos \theta - 1 - \lambda + \sqrt{\lambda^2 - \sin^2 \theta}\right\}$$

$$\frac{ds}{d\theta} = a\left(-\sin \theta + \frac{-2\sin \theta \cos \theta}{2\sqrt{\lambda^2 - \sin^2 \theta}}\right)$$

$$= -a\left(\sin \theta + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sin 2\theta}{\sqrt{\lambda^2 - \sin^2 \theta}}\right)$$

$$\frac{ds}{dt} = \frac{ds}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \omega \frac{ds}{d\theta}$$

$$= -a\omega\left(\sin \theta + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sin 2\theta}{\sqrt{\lambda^2 - \sin^2 \theta}}\right) \quad (\because \theta = \omega t)$$

$$\frac{d^2s}{d\theta^2} = -a\left[\cos \theta + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\lambda^2 - \sin^2 \theta} \left\{2\cos 2\theta\sqrt{\lambda^2 - \sin^2 \theta} - \sin 2\theta\left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{\sin 2\theta}{\sqrt{\lambda^2 - \sin^2 \theta}}\right)\right\}\right]$$

$$= -a\left[\cos \theta + \frac{\cos 2\theta}{\sqrt{\lambda^2 - \sin^2 \theta}} + \frac{\sin^2 2\theta}{4(\lambda^2 - \sin^2 \theta)^{1.5}}\right]$$

$$\frac{d^2s}{dt^2} = \frac{d^2s}{d\theta^2} \left(\frac{d\theta}{dt}\right)^2 = \omega^2 \frac{d^2s}{d\theta^2}$$

$$= -a\omega^2 \left[\cos \theta + \frac{\cos 2\theta}{\sqrt{\lambda^2 - \sin^2 \theta}} + \frac{\sin^2 2\theta}{4(\lambda^2 - \sin^2 \theta)^{1.5}}\right]$$

4.  $\theta = \pi$  のとき,  $s = s_{\max} = 2a$ , よって,

中央とは,  $s = -a$

$\therefore -a = a\left\{\cos \theta - 1 - \lambda + \sqrt{\lambda^2 - \sin^2 \theta}\right\}$  を  $\cos \theta$  について解く.

$$0 = \left\{\cos \theta - \lambda + \sqrt{\lambda^2 - \sin^2 \theta}\right\}$$

$$(\cos \theta - \lambda)^2 = \lambda^2 - \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\cos^2 \theta - 2\lambda \cos \theta + \lambda^2 = \lambda^2 - \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta - 2\lambda \cos \theta = 0$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{1}{2\lambda}$$

$$5. \quad b \sin \varphi = a \sin \{180 - (\theta + \varphi)\}$$

$$= a \sin(\theta + \varphi) \quad \text{これが } \theta \text{ と } \varphi \text{ の関係を与える... (1)}$$

この式の左辺を右辺に移項すると,

$$0 = -b \sin \varphi + a \sin \theta \cos \varphi + a \cos \theta \sin \varphi$$

$$= a \sin \theta \cos \varphi - (b - a \cos \theta) \sin \varphi$$

$$= a \cos \varphi - \beta \sin \varphi \quad \square \text{ここで, } \alpha = a \sin \theta, \quad \beta = (b - a \cos \theta)$$

$$= \sqrt{\alpha^2 + \beta^2} (\sin \gamma \cos \varphi - \cos \gamma \sin \varphi) \quad \square \text{ここで, } \gamma = \tan^{-1} \frac{a \sin \theta}{(b - a \cos \theta)}$$

$$= \sqrt{\alpha^2 + \beta^2} \sin(\gamma - \varphi)$$

よって,  $\varphi = \gamma$  なら, 右辺は 0 になる

よって

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 150^\circ \\ a &= 100 \\ \gamma &= \tan^{-1} \frac{a \sin \theta}{(b - a \cos \theta)} = \tan^{-1} \frac{100 \frac{1}{2}}{400 - 100 \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

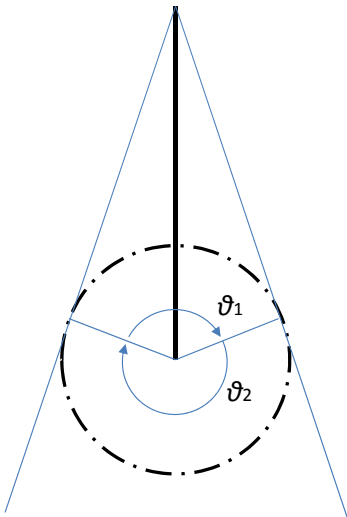
$$\approx \tan^{-1} 0.160 \approx 0.158 \approx 9.06^\circ$$

基本式(1)の両辺を時間  $t$  で微分すると,

$$b \cos \varphi \frac{d\varphi}{dt} = a \cos(\theta + \varphi) \left( \frac{d\theta}{dt} + \frac{d\varphi}{dt} \right)$$

$$\therefore \frac{d\varphi}{dt} = \frac{a \cos(\theta + \varphi)}{b \cos \varphi - a \cos(\theta + \varphi)} \left( \frac{d\theta}{dt} \right) \approx -6.0 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \underbrace{9.06^\circ}_{3.95} & \underbrace{159.06^\circ}_{-0.93} & \underbrace{\frac{300 \cdot 2\pi}{60}}_{31.4} \end{array}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \text{左方への時間} &= \frac{\theta_1}{2} = \frac{2\pi - 2\cos^{-1}\lambda}{2\cos^{-1}\lambda} \approx \frac{2\pi - 2 \cdot 1.32}{2 \cdot 1.32} \approx 2.40 \\ \text{右方への時間} &= \frac{\theta_2}{2} \end{aligned}$$

ただし、ここでの  $\lambda = \frac{a}{b} = \frac{100}{400} = 0.25$

6.  $s=2l\sin\theta=$

$$v = \frac{ds}{dt} = \frac{ds}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta}{dt} = 2l\cos\theta\omega$$

$$a = \frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{dv}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta}{dt} = 2l\omega^2\sin\theta$$

7. 左向きでは遅く、右向きでは早い.

原点を  $O_3$  にとり、2次元座標系の第一軸を右方に、第2軸を上方にとると、

点  $O_1$  の座標は  $\begin{bmatrix} a \sin \theta \\ b + a \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$

点  $O_4$  の座標は  $\frac{g}{c} \begin{bmatrix} a \sin \theta \\ b + a \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$

点  $O_5$  の第一軸の座標は  $\frac{g}{c}(a \sin \theta) + \sqrt{e^2 - \left(h - \frac{g}{c}(b + a \cos \theta)\right)^2}$

以下、詳細は省略.